

## Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <a href="http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content">http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content</a>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

## MONDAY, MAY 11TH, 1857.

## JAMES HENTHORN TODD, D. D., PRESIDENT, in the Chair.

James Anthony Lawson, Q.C., was elected a Member of the Academy.

Professor Hennessy read a paper on the Distribution of Heat over the island of Great Britain.

The President read the following note:-

"Sir William Rowan Hamilton wished to hand in a memorandum of the following 'General Expression by Quaternions, for Cones of the Third Order,' which he hoped to be allowed to develope and illustrate at some subsequent meeting of the Academy during the present Session. The equation in question is,

$$Sq\rho q'\rho q''\rho = 0; (A)$$

where  $\rho$  is the variable vector (or side) of the cone of the third order, drawn from its vertex as the origin; while q, q', q'', are three arbitrary but constant quaternions, which may be regarded as fixed parameters of the surface."

The following Memorial to Lord Palmerston was read:-

" To the Right Honourable Lord Palmerston, &c., &c.

## "MAY IT PLEASE YOUR LORDSHIP,

<sup>&</sup>quot;We, the President and Members of the Royal Irish Academy, beg leave to address you on a subject of great scientific interest and importance.

<sup>&</sup>quot;We have learned with much regret that the Lords of the Admiralty have decided upon abandoning all further